

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

INFORMATION REPORT

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1. the Soviet atomic program is considered to be "urgently important research".

Otto Bayer.

after the war had ended he went to the Soviets and told them that he had built a cyclotron and wanted to go to the USSR with it. In 1945 he was flown to Moscow and given a contract, after which he was sent back to Germany to obtain his fellow workers and take them to the Soviet Union along with the cyclotron.

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25 YEAR RE-REVIEW

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USAF review completed.

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some of the men at this institute were well known German scientists, and this meant Dr. HERTZ, who is famous for isotope division. the laboratory was somewhere in the Caucasus region, due to the fact that there were good mountains, a sea, and an excellent climate in the region.

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why he transferred to NII 160, there had been a misunderstanding about his contract, and he consequently had refused to work. The Soviets put him in a prison camp for a few months and then told him he could not return to Germany, but that he would be released if there was some other type of work which he was qualified to do. He said that he had worked on vacuum tubes; therefore, they transferred him to NII 160 in 1947. Also at this time Dr. BAYER was thankful that NII 160 was not under the administration of the MVD. all important institutes were under the administration of the MVD, and every German who worked in one of these institutes had to sign a statement saying that he would never mention by name, or divulge the nature of work performed by any man employed at the institute. important because all of the people at NII 160 were allowed to write letters giving the names of their co-workers.

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In May or June of 1948, Dr. Bayer was transferred to

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he caused many troubles for the NII 160 group. While at Fryazino he wrote many letters to Stalin telling him that old Communists, like himself, should really be back in Germany rather than in the USSR. While he had a lot of trouble with the Soviet management at NII 160,

he got along very well with the Soviets at . From this he was playing a certain role at NII 160:

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It is also possible that Dr. MIE might have been at this atomic institute. In 1945, Dr. MIE was picked up by the Soviets in Berlin and deported to the USSR, where he was assigned work at a secret institute. After working in this institute for a short period of time, he was placed in a Moscow hospital for treatment of his spine. He remained there for approximately two years, after which time he was assigned to NII 160.

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Dr. MIE met Dr. BAYER while they were in the USSR. Dr. MIE also met Professor THYSEN, who was at the Kaiser-Wilhelm Institute of Electro-Chemistry in Berlin during the war.

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research programs, other than the atomic energy program, in the "urgently important to the Soviets"

The Junkers-Dessau Group and the old GEMA Group are the only other two groups "urgently important to the Soviets".

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The old GEMA Group was concerned with rocket guidance and was sent to Monino near Fryazino. In October or November 1950, the better qualified half of this group was relocated. This consisted of Dr. BUSHBECK, Ing. Ernst SATTLER

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and a man named OSTERMANN, as well as others. The remaining half of this group stayed on at Monino. One of these men who remained was Ing. KLAGES, who returned to Germany in 1951.

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program in the cathode ray tube work

the atomic energy

No Soviets would speak of such a topic, even if they had knowledge of it. In fact the Soviets would never talk about having exploded an atomic bomb, even though [redacted] announced it.

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1. [redacted] Comment. He is probably Dr. Prof. Peter Adolf Thiessen, formerly of the Kaiser Wilhelm Institute in Berlin.

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